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Banking Models for Micro- and Small Businesses

Expanding Regulatory Options for MFI
Transformation
Piotr Korynski, MFC



















Microfinance Banks

- A microfinance bank as a form of a specialized bank with core but limited banking functions that caters to financial needs of MSMEs
- Originates from a microfinance organization and is a natural form of growth for MFIs through transformation
- Context: Albania based on views and experience of MFI transformations that have taken place in Europe and elsewhere
- Of interest also for other countries in the Balkans and Europe

















Current limitations

- No regulatory options for a microfinance banks in Europe however other institutional and regulatory forms exists such as cooperative banks, ethical banks, social banks, that perform such a role but do not have the origins in microfinance
- A potential steppingstone in the growth of microfinance institutions on their way to performing banking services while retaining their microfinance origins
- What happens when an MFI grows? How different is it from other husinesses?















Transformation Paths

- One-step process:
 - Directly into commercial banks ex. IPC / Pro Credit
- Multiple-step process:
 - First a microfinance or specialized bank followed by a commercial bank ex.
 ACLEDA Bank
 - NGO Credit-only MFI Deposit-taking MFI Commercial bank
- Parallel / Split process:
 - Commercial bank while retaining the microfinance ex. Fundusz Mikro Poland







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Benefits from an intermediary form

- Growth option for MFIs
- Efficiency / scale
- Cost of doing business in microfinance /pricing
- Demand for financial services by MSMEs
- Financial inclusion gap
- Social equity
- Financial stability



















Roles of MF Banks

- Granting of loans and other financial services
- Poverty alleviation
- Creation of employment opportunities
- Increasing small and micro enterprises (SMEs)
- Promoting agricultural production
- Financial inclusion

















Albania

- The first to introduce microfinance in Europe as a policy
 - Microfinance regulation starting with non-profit form following Bosnia and Herzegovina
 - Regulation evolved with the market: non-banking financial institution regulation followed
- Albania's regulation is well aligned with the EU, it is an excellent testing place for a microfinance bank regulation setting an example for other countries in the EU
 - Search for new forms of finance that is more flexible, adapted to the needs of the new forms of employment and self-employment



















Design thinking approach

- Empathy Understanding the needs of those you're designing for (MFIs)
- Ideation Generating a lot of ideas using experience of other organizations that have gone through the process.
- Experimentation Testing those ideas with prototyping and pilot regulation



















Speakers

- Bogdan Merfea
 - Former CEO, Patria, Romania
- Frieder Woehrmann
 - Former CEO of Pro Credit banks in the Balkan region























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