



How to Build a Corporate Immune System in Response to COVID-19



Stress test for success

15/04/ 2020

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EaSI Technical Assistance to the European Microcredit Sector

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European Commission DG Employment, Social Affairs and Inclusion



This project has received financial support from the European Union Programme for Employment and Social Innovation "EaSI" (2014-2020).

EaSI Technical Assistance within the EU Programme for Employment and Social Innovation (EaSI)



The EaSI Technical Assistance Service Providers



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Service Providers

Technical Assistance:

- Frankfurt School of Finance and Management gGmbH (FS)
 Consortium Leader for the Technical Assistance Services
- » Microfinance Centre (MFC) Consortium Partner
- » European Microfinance Network (EMN) Consortium Partner

Assessment, Evaluation and Ratings:

» MF Rating – Provider of Institutional Assessments, Rating and Evaluations

Project Beneficiaries and Geographic Coverage

Public and private financial intermediaries (greenfield microfinance institutions, non-bank microcredit providers, fintechs, licensed banks and guarantee granting entities) in all Member States of the European Union, as well as providers from Albania, North Macedonia, Iceland, Montenegro, Norway, Serbia and Turkey may respond to dedicated Calls for Expression of interest to request EaSI Technical Assistance.

How to Apply for Technical Assistance?

- Before applying eligible microcredit providers must first sign-up to or endorse the European Code of Good Conduct for microcredit provision.
- » To apply respond to open Calls for Expression of Interest published on the <u>ec.europa.eu/social/easi</u> webpage.

EaSI Technical Assistance Overview

What is offered to whom?







EaSI Technical Assistance

For more information, about:

Technical Assistance, contact: easi.ta@fs.de

Ratings and Evaluations, contact: easi.ta@mf-rating.com

The EaSI Programme, visit: ec.europa.eu/social/microfinance

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The author of this presentation takes full responsibility for its contents. The opinions expressed do not necessarily reflect the view of the European Commission.

How to Build a Corporate Immune System in Response to COVID-19 – webinar series

- 16.04, 9:30 11:00 CET Loan restructuring and refinancing policies and agreements
- 22.04, 13:00 14:30 CET Amendments to lending policy for new products and online channels
- 23.04, 11:00 12:30 CET Risk management for beginners and back-up staff
- 29.04, 11:00 12:00 CET Financial planning and financial modelling

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EaSI Technical Assistance Stress test for SUCCESS

Webinar 2

Artur Munteanu, MBA arturmunteanu@yahoo.com

> 15/04/2020, online Zoom



Stress test for success Agenda

Key drivers/causes/factors of business success and failure

Understanding data availability

Adjusting the financial model

Multifactor stress test

Consolidating the results

Team work

In conclusion

Terminology



Stress testing definition 1

In car, transportation, IT industries: Load testing ensures that a given function, program, system, equipment, machinery can simply handle what it's designed to handle, whereas **stress testing** is about overloading things until they break, applying unrealistic or unlikely load scenarios (loadninja.com)

In manufacturing: stress test is a test conducted on some equipment to determine

- how much of a load the system can handle
- before it breaks or reaches its limit (business dictionary.com)





Bank Stress Test





Stress testing definition 2

In financial industry: Stress testing is a simulation or analysis designed to find out

how resilient a financial instrument, investment portfolio, financial institution, or whole economy is at dealing with extreme situations and economic crises.

Stress testing may also refer to tests that measure how well a company or industry might fare/cope when exposed to certain stressors (factors).

Stress testing is a computer simulation

technique used to test the resilience of institutions and investment portfolios against possible future financial situations. (Investopedia.com)



Stress testing definition 3 – Banking

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A bank stress test is an analysis conducted under hypothetical unfavorable economic scenarios, such as a deep recession or financial market crisis, designed

- to determine whether a bank has enough capital
- to withstand the impact of adverse economic developments





Stress testing definition 3 – Banking

From previous crisis

Stress-Test Snapshot

European banks that failed past and present stress tests Banks **Overall** capital Date tested Number of banks that failed shortfall, in billions* €24.6 2014 150 25 2011 90 €26.8 20 2010 91 7 €3.5

*Capital shortfall doesn't take into account funds raised since Jan. 1 Sources: European Banking Authority; European Central Bank

The Wall Street Journal

https://www.zerohedge.com/news/2014-10-26/ecb-announces-stress-test-resultshere-are-25-banks-failed



Stress testing definition 4

In banking and non-banking financial industry:

- How much of "a load" the bank or non bank financial institution can handle before it breaks?
- What is a "load" and what is "break"? Is it loan restructuring amount and ratio as a load,
- Is "break" default on liabilities? is it loosing the license, is it bellow normative capital, is the case when we loose all retained earnings, we reach zero registered capital (owners equity), or negative owners equity?
- How much money can we restructure from the loan portfolio before we break?



Stress testing definition 4

Stress test is not only about risk and losses but as well about opportunities

Risks:		Opportunities:						
Budgeted Profit before tax for 2020 (in million X) 11.6 m X	Profit m X	Impact m Curren cy X		Profit, m X	Impact Currenc y, m X			
1. Disbursements drop from 220 million to 127 million	5.5	-6.1	Increase disbursements from 220 to 250	13.4	1.8			

Other please list

Example: CEC Bank Romania is offering refinancing loans for doctors at a lower interest rate in the pandemic crisis



Understanding data from the market (outdoor)

Factors/Drivers Affecting Businesses and Key Actions



External group of factors





External factors and data

Demographics and health data

- Number of infected people and growth rates
- Death ratio
- Distance to our business

(per segment: in the region, in the country, in the company in the portfolio etc)

Economic

- GDP growth ratios
- Number of companies with suspended activity
- Unemployment rate

Banking and finance:

- Minimum reserve rate
- Interbank rates
- Exchange rates



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What is happening on th

 What sectors and subsectors and type of businesses will grow?

 What sectors and business stopped completely?

What sectors will stop and when?

© Getty Images



Growth or survival of our clients individuals and MSMEs

Business in sectors on the basis of the pyramid will continue to exist. What are they? Food etc For how long?

Will we go back to a life model where we will grow our own food?!

Business on the top will stop for a while or will go bankrupt. What are these businesses? HORECA, Clothing and Fashion, etc





Growth or survival of our clients individuals and MSMEs

List (Segmentation)

- all sectors and all subsectors
- As well as type of business that will survive and grow
- Example:
 - Will agro food survive?
 - Will food traders offline survive

Suggestion:

- Maybe you want to create a online channel with some of your clients or partners for your small food traders
- Maybe you sponsor and offer for free or half price



Variables and their impact

BS	PL	Cash Flow and
Assets:		Maturity
- shrinking, the same or	Sales (Portfolio)	
- structure of the assets?	- shrinking, the same or growing	-3 month delay
	- Income structure	-6 month delay,
Equity:	- Interest rate	-12 month delay,
- shrinking, the same or growing		
- structure of the assets?	Cost of funding:	Inflow from lenders:
	- up or	(any planed drawdown)
Liability:	- down?	
- shrinking, the same or		Inflow from Shareholder
growing	Operational and Admin	
- structure of the assets?	COSL	Inflow from Government

On human capital: health, moral satisfaction and future



Variables and their impact

		Impact											
		Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Significant	Severe							
Î	Very Likely	Low Med	Medium	Med Hi	High	High							
و م	Likely	Low	Low Med	Medium	Med Hi	High							
kelihoo	Possible	Low	Low Med	Medium	Med Hi	Med Hi							
	Unlikely	Low	Low Med	Low Med	Medium	Med Hi							
	Very Unlikely	Low	Low	Low Med	Medium	Medium							



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Diagnose your stress test model



Diagnose your model (spreadsheet)

Analyze your financial models if you have a stress test page/module/menu

- Yes,
- No

If yes, analyze key assumptions (list of variables you assumed and you want to change: PAR, Restructuring Rate, Sales growth, Average loan etc)

- Withdraw from formulas all data and insert separate in a cell so that you can change it/stress test it. Link all formulas to data cells
- If no, build a separate page/module on stress testing



How close is your approved budget?

How close is your budget approved in December to reality?

- 100%
- 50%
- 10%

Was your worst case scenario discussed, approved?

- Yes
- No



Understanding data availability in the company (indoor)



What do you have in your data base?

- Do you have only portfolio sales and quality by sector?
- Or do you have detailed portfolio sales and quality by all subsectors of the economy: for example
- From the agriculture sectors do you have details per vegetables, fruits etc
- Relation of the ultimate beneficiary/owner and administrators of the MSMEs to other companies in the portfolio and in the country in general
- Type of employment if consumer loans
- Clients relaying directly on remittances per issuer country



What do you have in your data base?

Total port	folio ou	tstanding		PAR30						
Sector	N⁰ contract s	N⁰ contract s	PAR amount	own, %	% in total					
Agriculture	1,182	31,491,153	18.4%	193	7,387,489	23.6%	4.3%			
Trade	793	36,789,445	21.5%	140	5,734,2 80	15.6%	3.4%			
Industry	150	13,078,171	7.6%	87	8,9 07,107	49.5%	5.2%			
Services	516	44,421,684	26.0%	32	4,211,776	8.4%	2.5%			
SCA	100	19,569,927	11.4%	1	16,965	0.9%	0.0%			
Staff	51	6,182,259	3.6%		0	0.0%	0.0%			
Consumption	709	18,507,331	10.8%	110	272,106	17.0%	0.2%			
Other	28	1,099,114	0.6%	2	152,807	13.9%	0.1%			
Total	3,529	171,139,082	100%		26,682,531		15.6%			



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What do you have in your data base?

Do you have detailed portfolio statistics on sales and quality by all subsectors of the economy?

By subsectors	31/12/2010						
		PAR 30					
	No	Oustanding	%				
PUBLIC FOOD	5	77,157	2.7%				
OTHER DOMAINS	2	152,807	13.9%				
RETAIL TRADE	127	5,247,884	16.7%				
WHOLESALE TRADE	12	459,188	8.8%				
CONSUMER LOAN	Since n	nay 2010 divided into	3 (Auto, Hom				
LOANS TO EMPLOEE	0	-	0.0%				
CROP GROWING	126	5,259,751	27.2%				
HOUSEHOLD DURABLES INDUST	3	115,785	11.1%				
WOOD INDUSTRY	13	1,456,256	40.3%				
BUILDING MATERIALS INDUSTRY	8	4,614,521	84.3%				
AGRO PRODUCTION PROCESSING	1	15,370	9.9%				
BEVERAGE INDUSTRY							
FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY	1	47,814	2.5%				
LIGHT INDUSTRY	6	219,373	26.8%				
FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES	1	16,965	0.1%				
SALES INTERMEDIARIES	1	27,209	24.5%				
Mortgage	1	272,106	8.8%				
FISHING	2	53,007	51.6%				
SERVICES							
AGRO SERVICES	16	466,279	20.1%				
RENTING SERVICES	3	80,298	1.6%				
REPAIR SERVICES	10	240,665	5.2%				
BUILDING FINISHING SERVICES	5	415,687	22.1%				
FOURISM AND HOTELS	3	70,233	57.3%				
T SERVICES	4	120,959	46.5%				
Private services (photo, legal, cosmetics,	23	1,174,606	17.5%				
HEALTHCARE SERVICES							
FRANSPORT SERVICES	34	1,565,892	7.0%				
ANIMAL PRODUCTION	49	1,641,612	16.9%				
AUTO LOANS	12	421,233	28.6%				
HOME IMPROVEMENT	96	2,437,988	17.7%				
WORK AND TRAVEL							
	1	11,886	7.3%				



What do you have in your data base?

For consumer loans you will need as well to know in what sector the employer is working and how affected is that sector

By subsectors	31/12/2010						
		PAR 30					
	No	Oustanding	%				
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	1	11,886	7.3%				



Stress test scenarios



Variables and their impact

		Impact											
		Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Significant	Severe							
Î	Very Likely	Low Med	Medium	Med Hi	High	High							
و م	Likely	Low	Low Med	Medium	Med Hi	High							
kelihoo	Possible	Low	Low Med	Medium	Med Hi	Med Hi							
	Unlikely	Low	Low Med	Low Med	Medium	Med Hi							
	Very Unlikely	Low	Low	Low Med	Medium	Medium							



Sales scenarios (growth rate %)





Loan portfolio restructuring rate (%)





Stress test: one variable

One factor stress test								
Factor Stressed	(on/off)		Degree St	tressed				
1 PORTFOLIO GROWTH	OFF	20%	reduction in c branches; 40%	disbursemer % reduction	nts from 202 in new staff	0 - 2021; 50% hired	6 reduction	n new
2 PORTFOLIO YIELD	OFF	1%	reduction in a	average weig	ghted interes	t rate; 0.5%]	Reduction in	n Year 2021
3 PORTFOLIO QUALITY	ON	20%	decrease in po	ortfolio qua	lity (PAR30)	over base c	ase	
4 OVERHEAD EXPENSES	OFF	10%	increase in ad	Iministration	n and person	nel costs (20)20-2021)	
5 COST OF FUNDS	OFF	15%	increase in the	e average co	ost of debt (2	2020-2021)		
6 REDUCED ACCESS TO DEB	OFF	20%	Liability amou	unt decreas	e by 20%			



Multifactor stress test, key assumptions

	Factor Stressed	(on/off)		Degree Stressed
1	PORTFOLIO GROWTH	ON	20%	branches; 40% reduction in new staff hired
2	PORTFOLIO YIELD	ON	1%	reduction in average weighted interest rate; 0.5% Reduction in Year 2021
3	PORTFOLIO QUALITY	ON	20%	decrease in portfolio quality (PAR30) over base case
	Restructuring rate			
	Write off ratio			
4	OVERHEAD EXPENSES	ON	10%	increase in administration and personnel costs (2020-2021)
5	COST OF FUNDS	ON	15%	increase in the average cost of debt (2020-2021)
6	REDUCED ACCESS TO DEB	ON	20%	Liability amount decrease by 20%



Simple stress test Case 1

Assumptions:

a portfolio of 171 million at the end of March

- 10% of portfolio outstanding is due every month
- at 12% interest annually

Decision: We decided to rollover principal for 3 months for all clients

Impact: If we make the above decision, 17.1 million will not reach FI accounts next three months, thus 51.3 million. Did we make a good decision?



Simple stress test, continuation Case 1

Analysis and discussion: Did we make a good decision? **No**

- Because we automatically increased the maturity risk and liquidity risk by 51.3 million. We mismatched our assets vs. our liabilities because we did nothing on the liability side and outflow side.
- We don't need to do it for all clients. Some clients are in operations. Some clients just want to repay all loans and stay calm during pandemic incidents



Stress test, templates

Stress test: Decision next 3 month principal repayment postponment for 3 month

cash now (initial vertion)											
	1 month	2 month	3 month	3-6 month	3-9 month	9-12 mon	Total 12m	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-5 years	5-10 years
1											
	17	47	17	54	54	47	470				
Loan principal repaymen	1/	17	17	51	51	17	1/0				
Interest											
Penalties											
Outflow											
New loans disbursments	5										
Loans to lenders											
Admin and Oper Cost											
Dividents											
Net cash flow	17	17	17	51	51	17	170				
	Cash flow	(3 month	rollover)								
	1 month	2 month	3 month	3-6 month	6-9 month	9-12 mon	Total 12m	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-5 years	5-10 years
Inflow from											
Loan principal repaymer	17	17	17	0	102	17	170	0			
Interest											
Penalties											
Outflow											
New loans disbursment											
Loans to lenders				60							
Admin and Oper Cost											
Dividende	1		1		İ		1		1		İ
Dividends											



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Stress test, templates: 12m Rollover? 24 month Rollover?

Cash flow (12 month rolle	over)										
	1 month	2 month	3 month	3-6 month	3-9 month	9-12 mont	Total 12 m	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-5 years	5-10 years
Initital cash balabce	0										
Inflow from	17	17	17	0	51	17	119	51			
Loan principal	17	17	17	0	51	17	119	51			
Interest											
Penalties											
Outflow											
New loans disbursment											
Loans to lenders											
Admin and Oper Cost											
Dividends											
Net cash flow	17	17	17	0	51	17	119	51			
Cumulative cash flow	17	34	51	51	102	119	119	170			
Cash flow (24 month rolle	over)		-	-	-	-	-	-			
	1 month	2 month	3 month	3-6month	3-9 month	9-12 mont	Total 12 m	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-5 years	5-10 years
Initial cash balance	0										
Inflow from	17	17	17		51	17	119	0	51		
Loan principal	17	17	17	0	51	17	119	0	51		
Interest											
Penalties											
Outflow											
New loans from lenders											
Dividends											
Admin and Oper Cost											
Dividends											
Net cash flow	17	17	17	0	51	17	119	0	51		
Cumulative cash flow	17	34	51	51	102	119	119	119	170		



Simple stress test, TO DO

Before we do anything on our assets we need to make sure that our liabilities and shareholder equity structure will change or at least shareholders and lenders will approve changes!

- Map all your liability repayments per lender
- Observe were and when you have the biggest payments outflow
- Finalize the stress test scenarios and presentation of the scenarios
- Propose to negotiate liability rollover
- Smooth the payments for as long as possible but avoid crowding cash out in one month or quarter especially in the seasons when you may need it for lending.



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Simple stress test, analyze your liability schedule

Current Duiltable arroad arroad (0000 Current principals arroad (0000 1,202,845 1,208,00 1,277,40 1,277,40 7,02,09 1,870 Current ry band band arroad (0000 1,955,39 Lender 1 -			Jan	n Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Ju	n]	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Ν	ov	Dec	Total
Current Sy Ioinit Load Outstanding current(s) Downwings repayments 3,856,333 4,880,985 0 6,321,007 94,688,401 0 1,222,54 7,381,334 42,175,400 10,053,397 10,075,307 10,075,				OUTFLOW	4,408,583	5 , 390,752	2,143,931	7,694,418	38,035,880	995,4 47	2,449,582	9,052,201	44,049,403	4,179,862	12,778,745	7,602,995	138,781,800
ery loan printerpart 3,856,533 4,880,985 0 6,321,667 34,688,401 0 1,222,545 2,012,334 4,2175,440 1,935,339 10,455,333 6,708,540 120,079 EURO 120000 14,554,533 Leader 1 - - - - - - - 1,935,379 - - 1,935,379 - - 1,935,379 - - 1,935,379 - - 1,935,379 - 1,235,455 - - - 1,235,455 - - - 7,938,378	Curren	Initial	Outstanding	borrowings													
HURO 12000 1,955,39 Leader 1 HURO 1,905,333 Leader 2 766,533 Leader 3 HURO 1,905,339 Leader 3 HURO 1,935,309 HURO 1,935,309 HURO HURO 1,935,309 HURO	су	loan	currency)	renavments	3,856,533	4,880,985	0	6.321.067	34,688,401	0	1,222,545	7,838,324	42,175,440	1,935,339	10.455.303	6.705.840	120.079.778
EURO 100000 78(533 Lender 2 78(533 .	EURO	120000	1,935,339	Lender 1	-,,	-	-	-	-	-	-,,	-		1,935,339		-	1,935,339
EURO 500000 14,554,800 Lender 3 - - Stotking - - - 9,356,670 - 14,554 EURO 700000 2,4119,24 Lender 5 -	EURO	1000000	786,533	Lender 2	786,533	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	786,533
EURO 440000 6,705,840 Lander 4 - - - - - - 1,73,291 - - - 1,908,033 C,905,300 <	EURO	5000000	14,554,820	Lender 3		-	-	-	5,198,150	-	-	-	-	-	9,356,670	-	14,554,820
EURO 70000 24/19/4 Lender 5 - - 1,373,291 - - - 1,098,633 - 2,711 USD 500000 6,211,667 Lender 6 - - 6,021,067 - - - 6,021,067 - - - 6,021,067 - - - 6,021,067 - - - - - 6,021,067 - - - - 7,088,024 - - - 7,088,024 - - - - - - 2,071,050 0 2,071,050 Lender 10 - - - 2,016,050 - - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - - 1,222,545 - - <	EURO	400000	6,705,840	Lender 4		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,705,840	6,705,840
USD 300000 6,321,067 Lender 6 - - - - - - - - 6,321,071 EURO 630000 7,288,324 Lender 7 - - - 7,888,24 - - - 7,888,24 USD 500000 22,175,440 Lender 9 - - 2,175,400 - - - 2,175,400 - - - 2,175,400 - - - 2,175,400 - - - 2,175,400 - - - 2,175,400 - - - 2,175,400 - - - 2,175,400 - - - 2,116,300 - - - 2,112,22,45 - - - - - - - 2,122,45 - - - - - - 1,222,45 - - - - - - - - 1,222,45 - - - - - 1,222,45 - - - - - 1,222,45 -<	EURO	700000	2,471,924	Lender 5		-	-	-	1,373,291	-	-	-	-	-	1,098,633	-	2,471,924
EURO 650000 7,888,324 Lender 7 - - - - - 7,888,324 - - - 7,888,324 USD 1500000 42,175,440 Lender 8 - - - 1 12,275,440 - - - 2,816,600 - - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - 2,2175,440 - - - 2,2175,440 - - - 2,2175,440 - - - 2,225,65 - - - 1,222,545 - - - - 1,222,545 - - - - - 2,225,670 - - - - - - - - - - - 1,235,339 <td< td=""><td>USD</td><td>3000000</td><td>6,321,067</td><td>Lender 6</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>6,321,067</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>6,321,067</td></td<>	USD	3000000	6,321,067	Lender 6		-	-	6,321,067	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,321,067
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		-	-	LenderXX	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	0



Loan restructuring amount in total equity (rate %)

If our liability structure and maturity will not change





Stress test Output



Stress test output: Cash flow scenarios template

Scenario nr.	1	2	3	4	5	6
		All lenders rollover	All lenders rollover with out	The same as in 3rd	With New Lender 2	The same as 5 but not
		except for lender 1,	Lender5, without New lender 1	scenario and without	MDL12m, without	growth at all
		New loan to be issued	first tranche (MDL 11m) and new	New lender 2	Lender 4 new loan, and	
		from Shareholder	lender 1 second tranche postponed	cut in disbursements		
		MDL40m	(20m), with MDL18m new loan		by MDL 27m	
Key assumptions	basic		from New lender 2			
GLP	251.00	251.00	251.00	251.00	227.78	205.00
% growth of GLP	21.07%	21.07%	21.07%	21,07%	10.00%	-
Cash flow						
Inflow (repayments of Principal)	155.17	155.17	151.61	151.61	147.85	147.85
Inflow (new debt)	157.37	130.84	129.22	111.17	102.10	102.10
Outflow (Disbursments)	205.85	205.85	205.15	205.15	178.15	155.45
Outflow (debt principal)	140.05	115.12	120.08	120.08	120.08	120.08
Outflow (debt interest)	16.04	17.79	16.55	15.95	15.85	15.85
Net Cumulative Cash	3.73	10.39	(3.78)	(21.00)	1.50	24.20



Simple stress test, TO DO

How about other type of liabilities:

Deposit accounts? What shall we stress test? Will you stop interest rate? Will you rollover/renew accounts?

What if they come to withdraw on earlier term that cash for food if clients salaries are not paid.



Stress test multiple variables (composite)

Until now we did only stress test on restructuring assuming sales are the same.

Additional factors are:

- Sales reduction
- Cost reduction, cost the same but structure changed or cost up!

TO DO: Multivariable case stress test and output with all financial data and indicators including covenants



Multifactor stress test, key assumptions

Factor Stressed		(on/off)		Degree Stressed				
1	PORTFOLIO GROWTH	ON	20%	branches; 40% reduction in new staff hired				
2	PORTFOLIO YIELD	ON	1%	reduction in average weighted interest rate; 0.5% Reduction in Year 2021				
3	PORTFOLIO QUALITY	ON	20%	decrease in portfolio quality (PAR30) over base case				
	Restructuring rate							
	Write off ratio							
4	OVERHEAD EXPENSES	ON	10%	increase in administration and personnel costs (2020-2021)				
5	COST OF FUNDS	ON	15%	increase in the average cost of debt (2020-2021)				
6	REDUCED ACCESS TO DEB	ON	20%	Liability amount decrease by 20%				



Stress test multiple variables (composite output)

			MULTIFCATOR		
Output	PROJECT	ION v2019	LOW impact		
	2020	2021	2021	2022	
Outreach					
# of Branches	23	25	20	21	
% clients reached and served online			10%	20%	
Value of Loans Disbursed (millions)	466.5	586.5	373.2	469.2	
Balance Sheet					
Gross Loan Portfolio (millions)	506.2	643.6	405.4	515.3	
Loan Loss Reserve	(9.1)	(11.5)	(7.2)	(9.2)	
Total Assets	759.5	897.1	621.2	730.0	
Total L Borrowings	627.5	733.3	513.4	596.8	
Total L Savings and Current Acc					
Total Equity	114.4	142.8	93.5	116.1	
Income Statement					
Revenue on Portfolio	96.0	124.3	73.5	95.0	
Financial Cost	43.8	50.4	40.1	46.7	
Total Provision Expense	14.4	15.5	11.5	12.4	
Other Financial Income	24.1	22.4	21.7	19.6	
Net Margin	61.9	80.8	43.6	55.7	
Total Operational Costs	42.3	46.6	41.3	45.2	
Net Income from Operations	19.6	34.2	2.3	10.4	
Net Income	15.4	27.1	1.6	8.1	



Stress test multiple variables (composite output)

			MULTIF	CATOR	
Output	PROJECTI	ON v2019	LOW impact		
	2020	2021	2021	2022	
Key Ratios					
% Growth in GLP	37%	27%	37%	27%	
PAR > 30 (%)	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	
Write-off Ratio	1.5%	1.0%	1.5%	1.0%	
Loan Loss Reserves / PAR>30	63%	63%	63%	63%	
Recovery Rate	68%	75%	68%	76%	
Total Equity / (Assets - 80% of Cash -					
100% of FX Deposits)	20%	20%	20%	20%	
(Total Debt - 100% of FX Deposits) /					
Total Equity	4.1x	4.1x	4.1x	4.1x	
ROE	14.6%	21.1%	1.8%	7.7%	
ROA	2.3%	3.3%	0.3%	1.2%	
Cost to Income Ratio	84%	77%	98%	91%	
Operational Self-Sufficiency	120%	130%	102%	110%	
Yield on Portfolio (% of Avg. GLP)	20.2%	20.1%	19.2%	19.2%	
Funding Ratio (net of interest on deposits)	8.2%	7.3%	9.6%	8.6%	
Provisioning Ratio (% of Avg GLP)	2.4%	1.9%	2.3%	1.8%	
Portfolio financial margin	9.6%	11.0%	7.2%	8.7%	
Funding Requirements					
New Equity Required	2.5	1.3	6.3	14.6	
New Debt Financing Required	146.7	105.7	132.5	83.4	
New Debt Financing (excluding back-	155.1	116.0	135.4	92.4	



Stress test multiple variables (composite output)

	PROJECTION v2019		MULTIFCATOR LOW impact		MULTIFCATOR MEDIUM impact		MULTIFCATOR HIGH Impact	
Output								
	2020	2021	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022
Outreach								
# of Branches	23	25	20	21	15	18	10	10
% clients reached and served online			10%	20%	10%	20%	0%	0%
Value of Loans Disbursed (millions)	466.5	586.5	373.2	469.2	373.2	469.2	373.2	469.2
Balance Sheet								
Gross Loan Portfolio (millions)	506.2	643.6	405.4	515.3	380.0	400.0	350.0	300.0
Loan Loss Reserve	(9.1)	(11.5)	(7.2)	(9.2)				
Total Assets	759.5	897.1	621.2	730.0				
Total L Borrowings	627.5	733.3	513.4	596.8				
Total L Savings and Current Acc								
Total Equity	114.4	142.8	93.5	116.1				
Income Statement								
Revenue on Portfolio	96.0	124.3	73.5	95.0				
Financial Cost	43.8	50.4	40.1	46.7				
Total Provision Expense	14.4	15.5	11.5	12.4				
Other Financial Income	24.1	22.4	21.7	19.6				
Net Margin	61.9	80.8	43.6	55.7				
Total Operational Costs	42.3	46.6	41.3	45.2				
Net Income from Operations	19.6	34.2	2.3	10.4				
Net Income	15.4	27.1	1.6	8.1				



Stress test Team



Stress test team

Work in team, work in parallel to save time

- Stress test architect (CFO, Vice CFO, Chief analysts)
- Stress test assumptions approval (Crisis Task Force, Crisis Committee, Risk Committee)
- Assumption per departments (Department managers)
- Formulas design: analysis
- Testing: different analyst may be as well IT tester.
- Testing output CEO, CFO, Vice CEO, Vice CFO



Commission

In conclusion



In conclusion key actions

Analyze your asset structure, liability and owners equity

For smaller MFIs

If you are financed with equity only:

You are better positions than others

Understand your portfolio structure by as mush as possible details prepare stress test

Discuss with shareholders the restructuring limits

Discuss with shareholders possibility to grow in crisis

Segment clients you want to support.



In conclusion key actions

Analyze external data

Analyze MFI asset structure, liability and owners equity

For smaller MFIs

If your MFI have high leverage:

- Understand your portfolio structure by as mush as possible details prepare stress test
- Stress test
- Discuss with lenders the restructuring limits
- Discuss with shareholders and lenders possibility to grow in crisis
- Segment clients you want to support.



In conclusion key actions

Diagnose where you are?

- Diagnose what tools you have? Excel, model etc.
- *Diagnose abilities and human capital for stress test?*
- Apply multivariable stress test and present a simple table output
- Work in parallel with different teams to speed up
- *Communicate results internally, approve scenarios with shareholders*
- Test some scenarios with key lenders



In conclusion

Recruit online volunteers if you need help (usually students in last two years) for:

- For analyzing your data base
- For forecasting and stress testing in paralel to speed the processes
- For testing new products
- For testing your IT security

Cooperate with start up communities from different incubators, acclerators etc

- Writing testing new processes
- Financial models and stress tests



In conclusion

If you will apply above mentioned:

- I am sure you will be more prepared for next crisis you will have a stress test module and a scenario close to the reality
- I am sure you will be more prepared, your immunity will strong to face new crisis



Commission

Terminology





Stress testing:

In financial industry: Stress testing is a simulation or analysis designed to find out how resilient a financial instrument, investment portfolio, financial institution, or whole economy is at dealing with extreme situations and economic crises.

Stress testing may also refer to tests that measure how well a company or industry might fare/cope when exposed to certain stressors (factors).

Stress testing is a computer simulation technique used to test the resilience of institutions and investment portfolios against possible future financial situations. (Investopedia.com)





Sensitivity analysis - for this presentation the same as stress test, **What if analysis** - for this presentation the same as tress test,

In the banking and lending world, a **standstill** agreement between a lender and borrower halts the contractual repayment schedule for a distressed borrower and forces certain actions that the borrower must undertake. A new deal is negotiated during the standstill period that usually alters the loan's original repayment schedule.

A **moratorium** allows you to delay the payment of a debt for a finite period of time. In the loan context, this is also known as a deferment or forbearance. If you are facing a temporary hardship, you can request a moratorium and briefly postpone your loan payments.

Moratorium is a sort of granting of a 'holiday'- it is a repayment holiday where the borrower is granted an option to not pay during the moratorium period. It is a restructuring of the terms of the loan with the mutual consent of the lender and the borrower.

Rollover – for this presentation the same as moratorium



Terminology

Stress test - please see definitions at the beginning of the presentation, **Sensitivity** - for this presentation the same as stress test, **What if analysis** - for this presentation the same as tress test,

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Plank for 2 minutes everyday







Thank you!



Contact us!

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